



Drawing Package Supplement

to

BATTLEZONE™

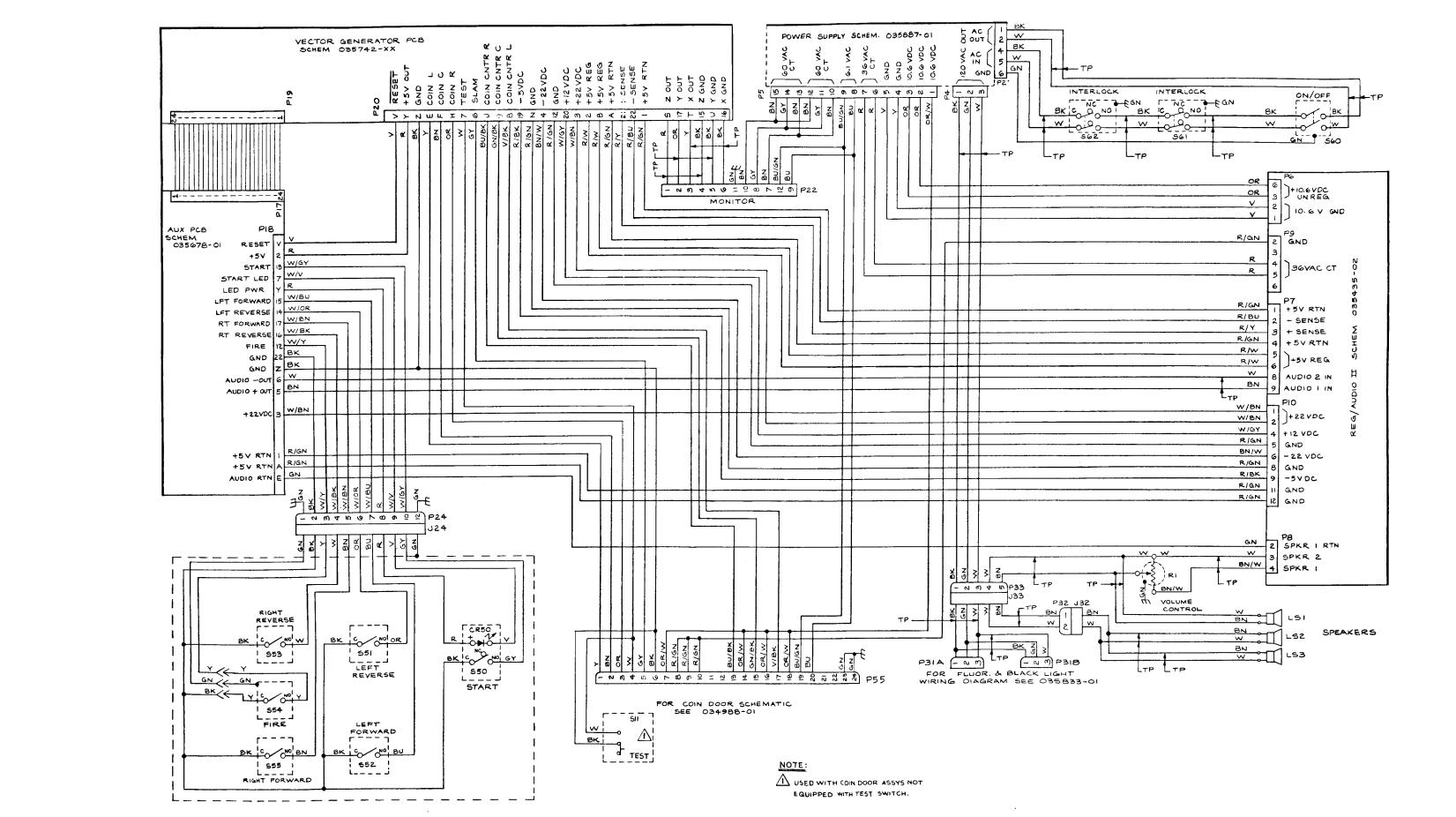
Operation, Maintenance, and Service Manual

Contents of this Drawing Package

Game Coin Door and Power Supply Wiring Diagrams Math Box Signature Analysis Procedures

Auxiliary PCB Math Box, Switch Inputs and Audio Outputs

Sheet 1, Side A Sheet 1, Side B Sheet 2, Side A **Coin Door Inputs and Analog Vector-Generator Outputs** Sheet 2, Side B Sheet 3, Side A **Vector-Generator** Sheet 3, Side B **BATTLEZONE WIRING DIAGRAM (036242-01 C)**



The Regulator/Audio PCB has the dual functions of regulating the +5 VDC logic power to the game PCB and amplifying the audio from the game PCB.

Regulator Circuit

The regulator consists of voltage regulator Q1, current source power transistor Q3 and Q3's bias transistor Q2. The regulator accurately regulates the logic power input to the game PCB by monitoring the voltage through high impedance inputs + SENSE and - SENSE. The inputs are directly from the +5 VDC and ground inputs to the game PCB. Therefore, the regulator regulates the voltage on the game PCB. This eliminates a reduced voltage due to IR buildup on the wire harness between the regulator and the game PCB. Variable resistor R8 is adjusted for the +5 VDC on the game PCB. Once adjusted, the voltage at the input of the game PCB will remain constant at this voltage.

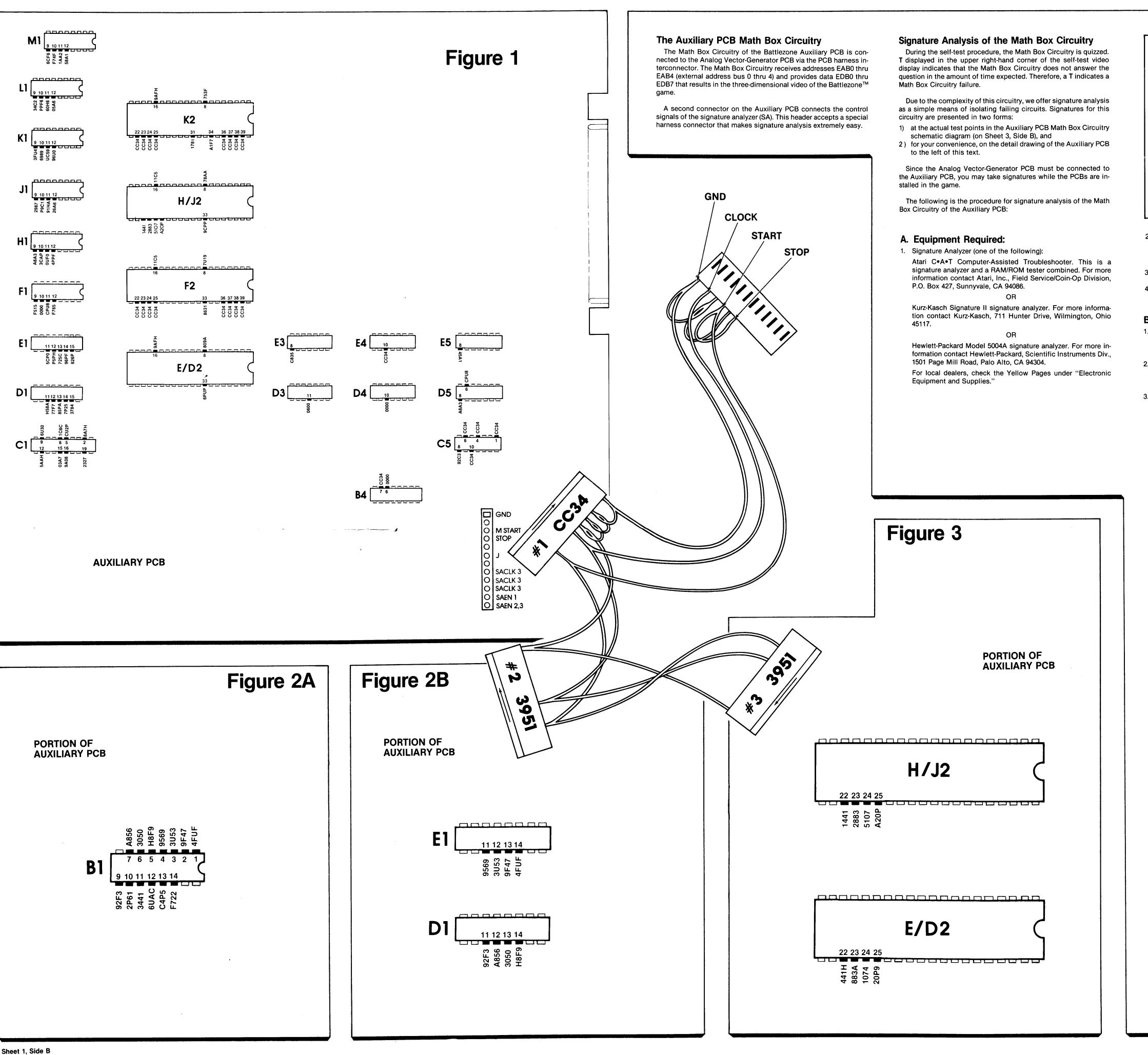
Regulator Adjustment

- 1. Connect a voltmeter between +5 V and GND test points of the game PCB.
- 2. Adjust variable resistor R8 on the Regulator/Audio PCB for +5 VDC reading on the voltmeter.
- 3. Connect a voltmeter between +5 V REG and GND on the Regulator/Audio PCB. Voltage reading shall not be greater than +5.5 VDC. If greater, try cleaning edge connectors on both the game PCB and the Regulator/Audio PCB.
- 4. If cleaning PCB edge connectors doesn't decrease voltage difference, connect minus lead of voltmeter to GND test point of Regulator/Audio PCB and plus lead to GND test point of game PCB. Note the voltage. Now connect minus lead of voltmeter to +5 REG test point on Regulator/Audio PCB and plus lead to +5 V test point on game PCB. From this you can see which harness circuit is dropping the voltage. Troubleshoot the appropriate harness wire or harness connector.

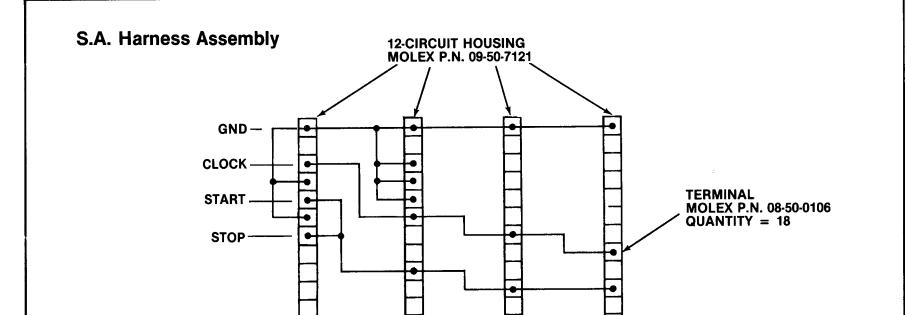
Audio Circuit

The audio circuit contains two independent audio amplifiers. Each consists of a TDA2002AV amplifier with a

W A Warner Communications Company



DP-156-01 2nd printing



#2 3951

#1 CC34

2. SA Harness Assembly:

Atari part number A036836-01. You can make one of these yourself. Above is an illustration of its construction.

- 3. Three jumper wires with "hook" connectors on each end.
- 4. Pullup resistor as follows: 1K to 1.5K ohm, 1/4 watt resistor.

B. Signature Analysis Setup Procedure

- Connect Signature Analyzer to the matching pins of SA connector on the SA Harness assembly. In other words, GND should match up with GND, etc.
- 2. Set Self-Test Switch of Battlezone™ game to ON. After approximately three seconds, the TV monitor should display the self-test pattern.
- 3. Jumper top end of 1K-ohm resistor R129 (located immediately between and below C [center] and L [left] COIN test points) of Analog Vector-Generator PCB to ground five times, or until video display is blank. You will hear a short beep after the 5th grounding; also, the screen will display only a tiny dot in its center. NOTE: To avoid accidentally turning off the game by brushing against the interlock switch, we recommend putting tape over the switch.

Alternate: Jumper pin 5 of Analog Vector-Generator PCB edgeconnector J20 to ground five times, or until video display is blank.

C. Signature Analysis Test #1 Procedure

- 1. Plug SA Harness Assembly Test #1 connector onto Signal Analyzer header on Auxiliary PCB (the black wire on the connector should be at the top).
- Connect a jumper between pin 1 of IC B6 on the Analog Vector-Generator PCB and ground. This places a continuous RESET to the microprocessor on the Analog Vector-Generator PCB
- 3. Set Signature Analyzer START to _/_, STOP to _/_, and CLOCK to _/_.
- Connect a jumper wire to each end of a 1K to 1.5K-ohm resistor. Connect one jumper wire to +5V test point on Auxiliary PCB. Connect other jumper wire to the tip of the Signature Analyzer probe.
- 5. Verify that setup procedure was correct by probing (touching probe to) the +5V test point. The Signature Analyzer should indicate **CC34**. If not **CC34**, remove the jumper from pin 1 of IC B6. Return to B. Signature Analysis Setup Procedure and once again do step 3.
- 6. Probe for signatures as shown in Figure 1 to the left. If all signatures are correct, continue with *D. Signature Analysis Test #2A Procedure.* If any signatures are incorrect, probe for signature of **CC34** on +5V test point. If not **CC34**, remove jumper from pin 1 of IC B6. Return to *B. Signature Analysis Setup Procedure* and once again do step 3. If +5V is **CC34**, refer to *G. Isolating a Failing Circuit*.

D. Signature Analysis Test #2A Procedure

- 1. Remove 1K to 1.5K-ohm jumper wire from Signature Analyzer probe
- 2. Plug SA Harness Assembly Test #2 connector onto Signature Analyzer header on Auxiliary PCB.
- 3. Remove jumper from pin 1 of IC B6 on the Analog Vector-Generator PCB.
- 5. Verify that setup procedure was correct by probing +5V for a signature of **3951**. If not **3951**, return to *B. Signature Analysis Setup Procedure* and once again do step 3, then return to this step.
- 6. Probe for signatures as shown in Figure #2A to the left. If all signatures are correct, continue with *E. Signature Analysis Test #2B Procedure.* If a signature is incorrect, refer to *G. Isolating a Failing Circuit.*

E. Signature Analysis Test #2B Procedure

#3 3951

- 1. Make sure the SA Harness Assembly Test #2 connector is plugged onto Signature Analyzer header on Auxiliary PCB.
- 2. Make sure jumper is removed from pin 1 of IC B6 on the Analog Vector-Generator PCB.
- 3. Set Signature Analyzer START to _____, STOP to _____, and CLOCK to _____.
- 4. Verify that setup procedure was correct by probing +5V for a signature of **3951**. If not **3951**, return to *B. Signature Analysis*

Setup Procedure and once again do step 3, then return to this

5. Probe for signatures as shown in Figure #2B to the left. If all signatures are correct, continue with *F. Signature Analysis Test* #3 Procedure. If a signature is incorrect, refer to *G. Isolating a Failing Circuit*.

F. Signature Analysis Test #3 Procedure

Analyzer header on Auxiliary PCB.

1. Plug SA Harness Assembly Test #3 connector onto Signature

- Make sure jumper is removed from pin 1 of IC B6 on the Analog Vector-Generator PCB.
- 4. Verify that setup procedure was correct by probing +5V for 3951. If not 3951, return to *B. Signature Analysis Setup Procedure* and once again do step 3, then return to this step.
- 5. Probe for signatures as shown in Figure #3 to the left. If all signatures are correct, then Math Box Circuitry of Analog Vector-Generator PCB is OK.

G. Isolating a Failing Circuit

If you find an incorrect signature, find the signature test point of the Math Box Circuitry on Sheet 3, Side B. Locate the IC from which the signature is being output. Check all inputs of that IC.

If all input signatures are correct: Remove the Auxiliary PCB from the circuit. Check the circuit traces common to the failing IC pin on both the top and bottom of the PCB for shorts to another circuit trace. If the circuit traces are not shorted, then replace the failing IC.

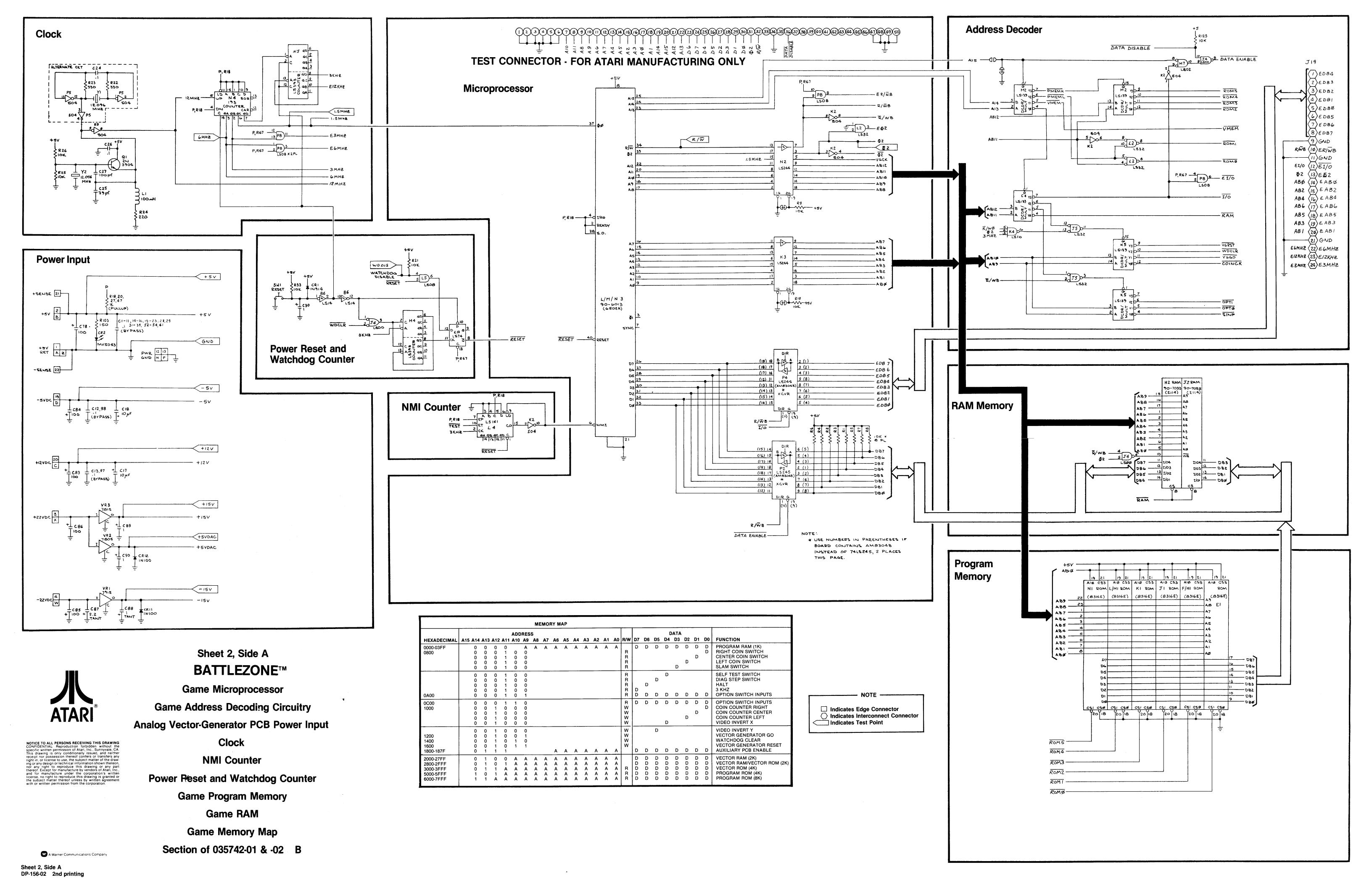
If an input signature is incorrect: Locate on the schematic the IC source of the failing signature. Check the input signatures of that IC. If all input signatures are correct, then that is the failing IC. If this IC has a failing input signature, then continue "upstream" in the circuit flow until the failing IC is isolated.

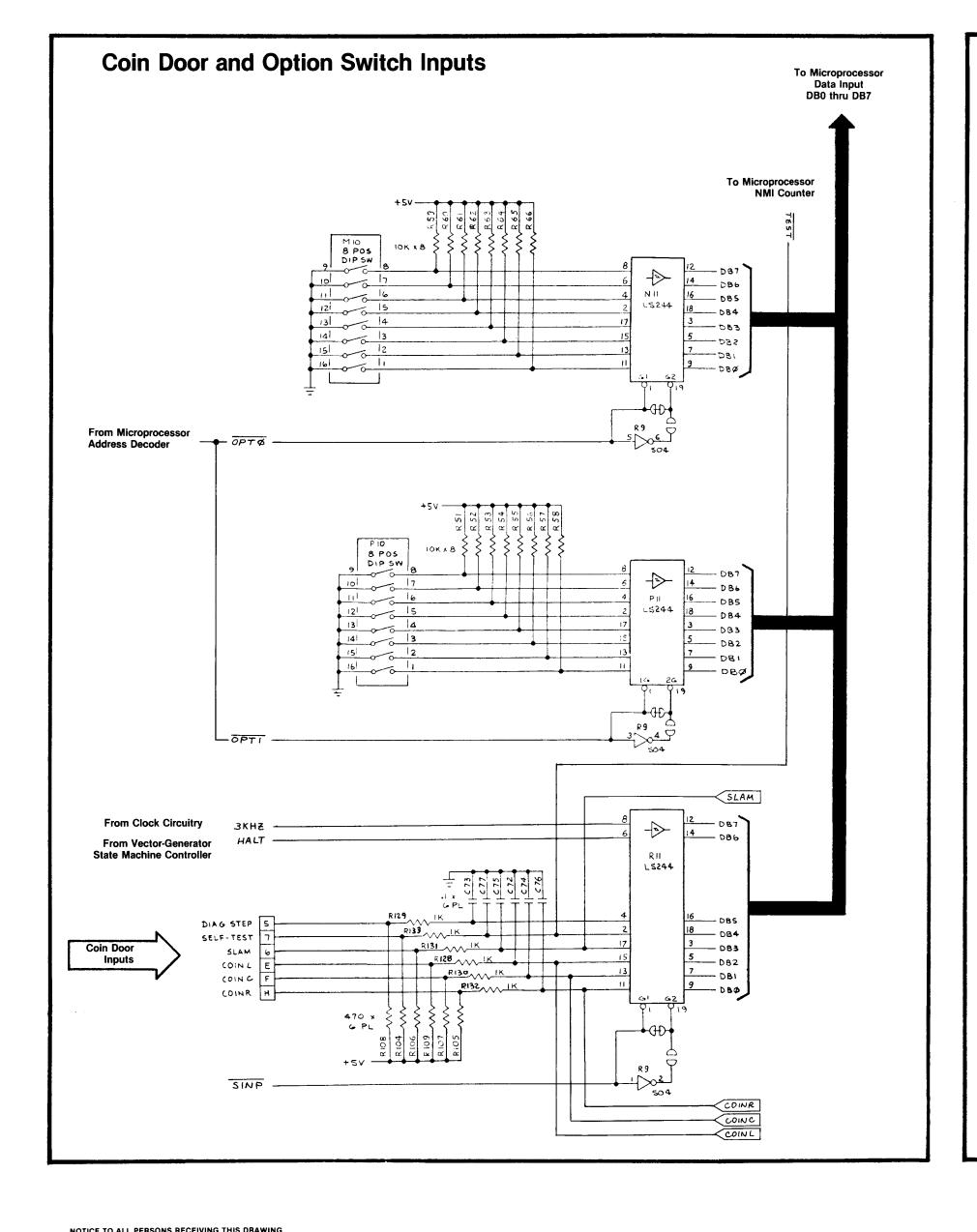


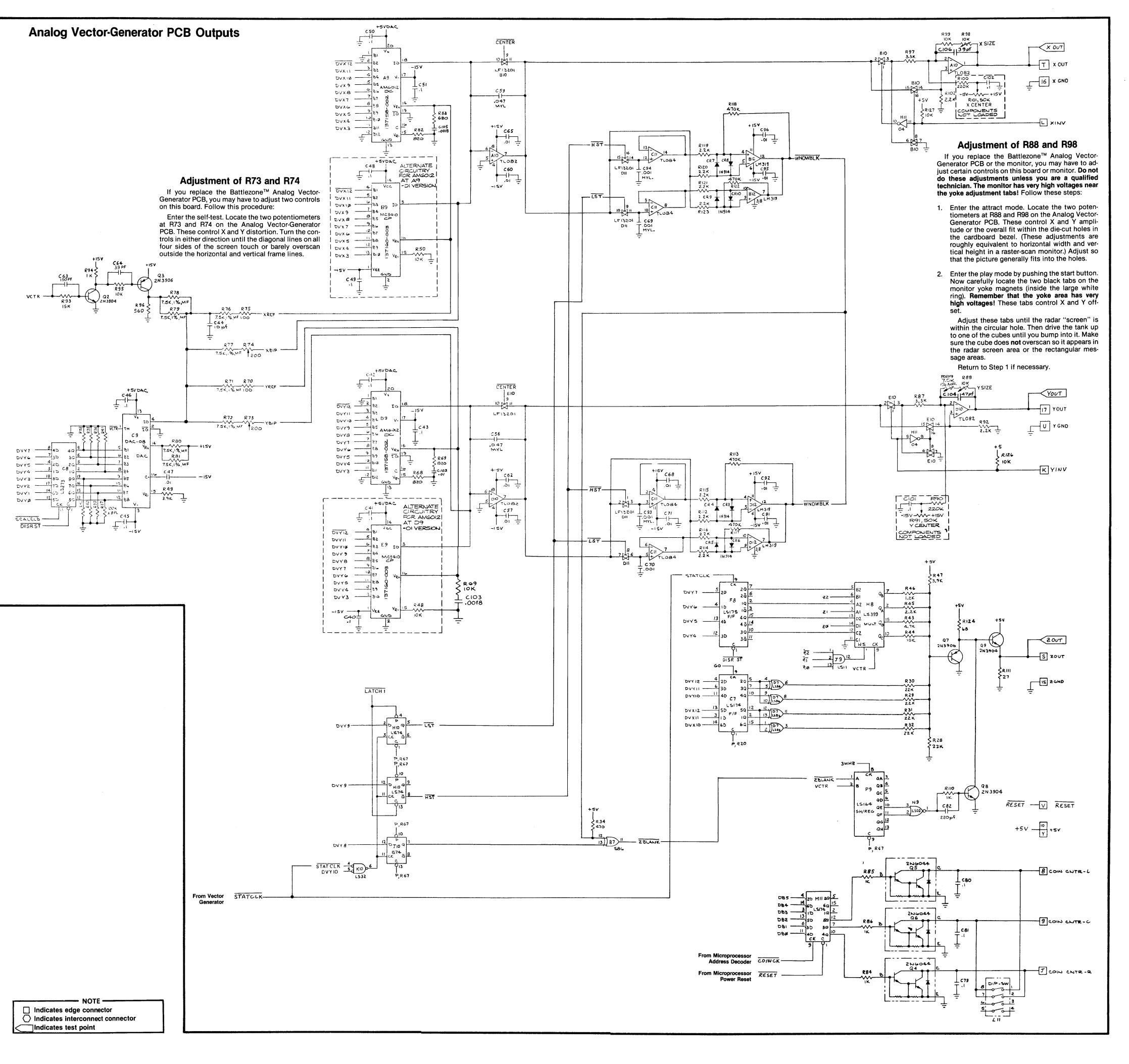
Auxiliary PCB
Signature Analysis Procedure
Section of 035678-01 B

NOTICE TO ALL PERSONS RECEIVING THIS DRAWING CONFIDENTIAL: Reproduction forbidden without the specific written permission of Afari, Inc., Sunnyvale, CA This drawing is only conditionally issued, and neither receipt nor possession thereof confers or transfers any right in, or license to use, the subject matter of the drawing or any design or technical information shown thereon, nor any right to reproduce this drawing or any part thereof. Except for manufacture by vendors of Afari, Inc., and for manufacture under the corporation's written license, no right to reproduce this drawing is granted or the subject matter thereof unless by written agreement with or written permission from the corporation.

A Warner Communications Company







NOTICE TO ALL PERSONS RECEIVING THIS DRAWING CONFIDENTIAL: Reproduction forbidden without the specific written permission of Atari, Inc., Sunnyvale, CA. This drawing is only conditionally issued, and neither receipt nor possession thereof confers or transfers any right in, or license to use, the subject matter of the drawing or any design or technical information shown thereon, nor any right to reproduce this drawing or any part thereof. Except for manufacture by vendors of Atari, Inc., and for manufacture under the corporation's written license, no right to reproduce this drawing is granted or the subject matter thereof unless by written agreement with or written permission from the corporation.



Sheet 2, Side B
BATTLEZONE™

Analog Vector-Generator PCB
Switch Inputs

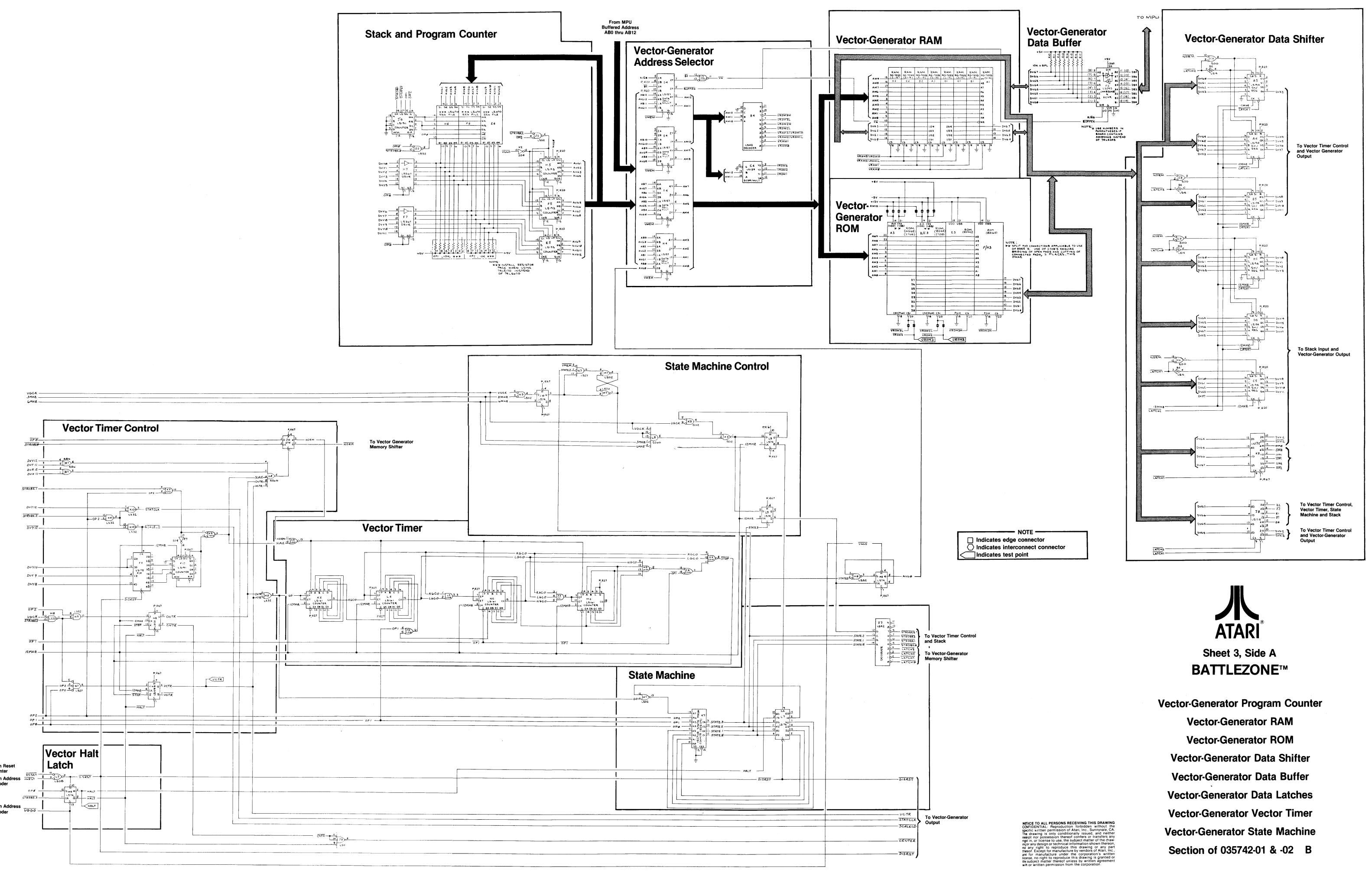
Analog Vector-Generator PCB
Video Output

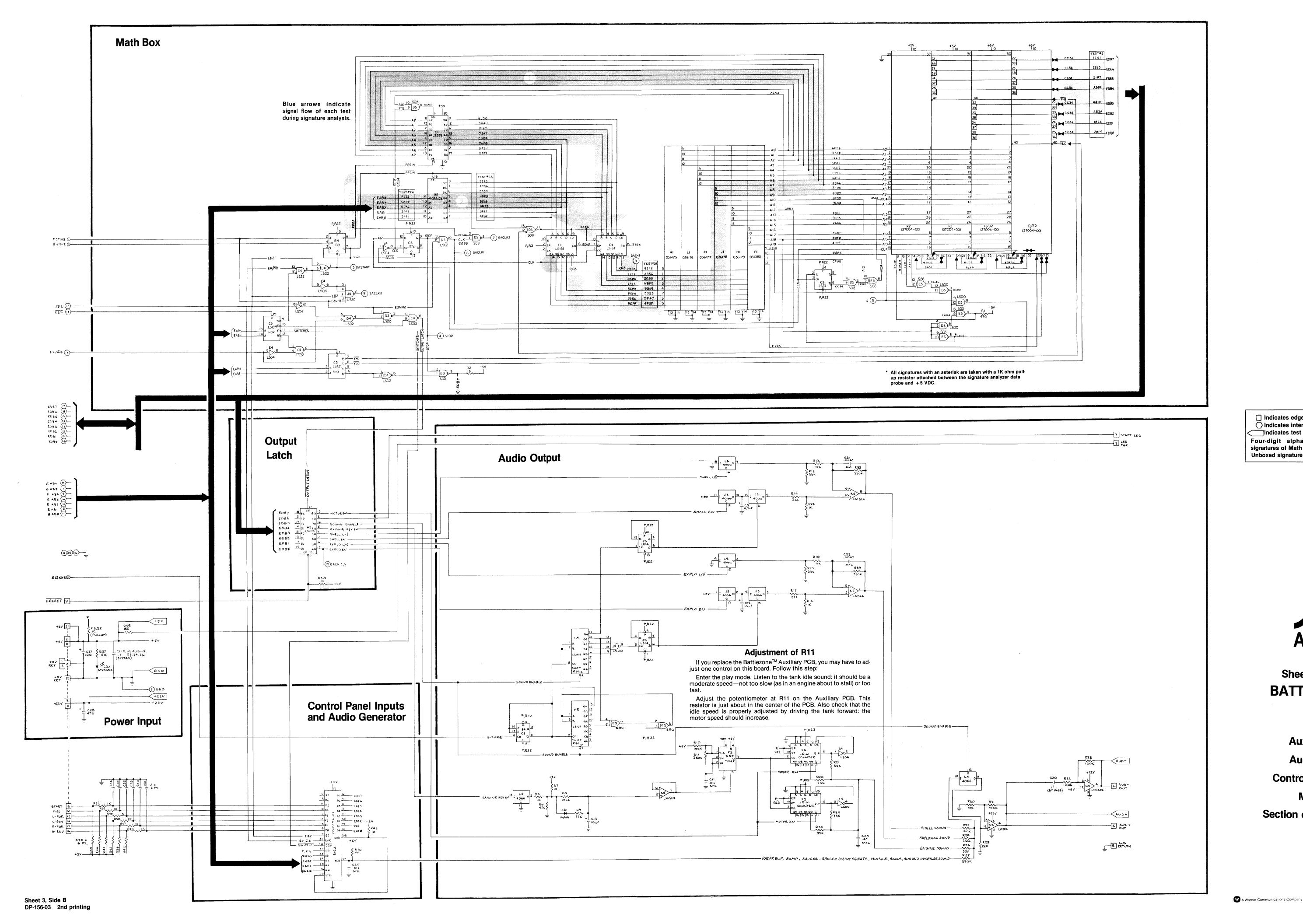
Analog Vector-Generator PCB
Coin Counter Output

Section of 035742-01 & -02 B

A Warner Communications Company

DP-156-02 2nd printing





NOTE
☐ Indicates edge connector
☐ Indicates interconnect connector
☐ Indicates test point
Four-digit alphanumeric numbers are signatures of Math Box test points.
Unboxed signatures are taken during Test #1.



Sheet 3, Side B
BATTLEZONE™

Auxiliary PCB
Audio Output
Control Panel Inputs
Math Box
Section of 035678-01 B

